Statutory Instrument 2 of 2023.

Administrative Court (Miscellaneous Appeals) (Amendment) Rules, 2023 (No. 1)

IT is hereby notified that the Minister of Justice, Legal and Parliamentary Affairs and the Chief Justice have, in terms of section 13 of the Administrative Court Act [*Chapter 7:02*], approved the following rules made by the Senior Judge of the Administrative Court:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Administrative Court (Miscellaneous Appeals) (Amendment) Rules, 2023 (No. 1).

2. The Administrative Court (Miscellaneous Appeals) Rules, 1980, published in Statutory Instrument 122 of 1980 (hereinafter called the principal rules), are amended by the insertion of the following definitions and interpretations—

- "address or address for service" means the physical address or electronic address or postal address where that is the only known address;
- "date of filing" means the date on which any pleading envisaged by these rules is lodged with the Registrar;
- "copies of documents", where this term occurs in these rules and documents are filed or served electronically, there shall be no need to provide more than one copy;
- "deliver or serve" means to either physically or electronically file a pleading or record with the Registrar and immediately thereafter to serve a copy on the other party electronically or by physical means;

"filing" means electronic filing or physical filing;

"hearing" means physical or virtual hearing;

- "IECMS account" means Integrated Electronic Case Management that is litigant's account accessed through the internet which enables him or her to access the IECMS platform;
- "sign" means to sign a document or process manually or electronically;

"representative" means a legal practitioner registered in terms of the Legal Practitioners Act [*Chapter 27:07*]; an official or employee of a registered trade union or employers' organisation of which the party is a member; or a duly authorised company representative.

3. Rule 4 ("Notice of Appeal") 2 of the principal rules is amended by the insertion after "filed" of "electronically".

4. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 4 of the following rules—

"General provisions for e-filing of process

4A. (1) Litigants shall create an IECMS account before filing an application, appeal or any other civil process.

(2) Litigants shall provide the mandatory information required by the electronic filing system.

(3) If a litigant changes his or her contact details, he or she shall inform the Registrar of the new contact details within 48 hours.

(4) Every notice of appeal or application shall provide an alternative email address for the purposes of service or delivery of pleadings.

(5) All litigants shall provide telephone numbers from the following registered service providers, namely: Econet, NetOne or Telecel, or any other service provider specifically identified in Practice Directions issued from time to time.

(6) A user of the e-filing system shall be the custodian of his or her credentials.

Electronic service

4B. (1) In addition to the methods of service provided for in these rules, service may be effected electronically by way of email, web portal or other electronic means designated by the Chief Justice in a Practice Direction.

(2) Proof of such electronic service shall be simultaneously copied to the Registrar.

(3) For the avoidance of doubt, a sent status report shall be deemed to be *prima facie* proof of service.

(4) The Registrar or the Sheriff, as the case may be shall at all times endeavour to effect service of any notice, process or other document electronically.

(5) The authentication of any electronic communication shall be effected by means of electronic signatures, and certified backup copies of the communication shall be kept in paper form or by such other acceptable means, as may be directed from time to time by the Chief Justice.".

5. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 5 of the following rule—

"Office hours of the Registrar

5A. (1) The office of the Registrar shall be open from 0830 to 1300 hours and from 1400 to 1600 hours every day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday.

(2) The Registrar may, in exceptional circumstances, accept a document at a time outside office hour, and shall do so when directed by a Judge or the Chief registrar in writing.

(3) Litigants may electronically file documents at any time of the day.

(4) Notwithstanding subrule (3), the office hours of the Registrar and the dies induciae within which any act must be done shall be observed for the purpose of acceptance of process and documents by the Registrar.".

6. Rule 8 ("Record") of the principal rules is amended by the repeal of subrule (3) and the substitution of—

"(3) Where no formal record is lodged—

- (a) registrar may require such additional copies of the papers as he deems necessary to be submitted within 7 days upon the expiry of the 30 days;
- (b) failure to submit to court in terms of paragraph (a), the record shall be forwarded to the Judge for determination.".

7. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 8 of the following rule— $\!\!\!$

"Pagination and indexing of electronic documents

8A. (1) All documents filed electronically shall be indexed and paginated in accordance with the provisions of this rule.

(2) All documents filed in connection with a particular case shall be contained in a single PDF document which shall be identical to the hard copies of the document.

(3) The pagination of electronic documents shall appear at the top of the page on the right.

(4) The applicant or appellant shall create an index of all documents filed electronically, which index shall be identical to the index of the hard copies.

E-filing of documents

8B. (1) A document that is sent by electronic communication to the Registry for filing shall be—

(a) sent by using the official websites of the court;

- (b) in an electronic format approved by the Registrar; and
- (c) capable of being printed in the form in which it was created, without modification or loss of content.

(2) A document in an existing proceeding shall be sent to the Registrar by using the Court's websites.

(3) A person who sends a document in terms of these rules shall—

- (a) keep a hard or electronic copy of the document prepared in accordance with these rules; and
- (b) if ordered to do so by the court, produce the hard copy of the document to the Registrar by electronic means in accordance with these rules, the Registrar shall electronically stamp the document.".

8. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 9 of the following rule— $\!\!\!$

"Virtual court platform

9A. (1) There is hereby established an electronic platform hosted by the court for the virtual hearing of applications and actions to be called Virtual Court Platform.

(2) The Virtual Court Platform shall operate on the following principles—

- (a) the platform will facilitate the expeditious, effective, seamless and real time conduct of court proceedings;
- (b) the court as the host of the platform is responsible for furnishing the technology, software and equipment needed to make the platform operational, but each party hosted on it is responsible for, and bears the cost and burden of, providing the technology software and equipment needed by the party to make its participation on the platform effective;
- (c) subject to this rule, self-actors, legal practitioners and their clients and witnesses, may access the Virtual Court Platform from different locations or together, and from locations within or outside Zimbabwe;
- (d) the participation of the parties on the platform can be so arranged that any of the following forms of participation is possible—
 - (i) one party and his or her witnesses may be physically present at the location where the court is sitting, while the other party accesses the platform from a different location; or
 - (ii) both parties may be present at the same remote location if—
 - A. the location is another court at which the police officer is present; or
 - B. in the case where the location is not a court, the court hosting the platform is able, by prearrangement of the parties with the Registrar, to assign a police officer to be present at the location at all times during the hearing;

- (e) the platform is availed for parties to use on a voluntary and consensual basis, subject however to the court's power to direct that, in the interests of justice, a particular case must be heard virtually;
- (f) the platform will ensure the security, authenticity, and where necessary, the confidentiality of virtual proceedings, with provision being made, however, for the live streaming of those cases that the judge deems to be of particular public interest;
- (g) the filing of process and electronic payment of court fees shall be effected using the IECMS platform whether or not the hearing is conducted virtually;
- (h) the platform will ensure that virtual hearings will be conducted as seamlessly as possible without interruption and will resolve any technical challenges in that respect which are the responsibility of the platform as speedily as possible;
- (i) the platform will enable witnesses to participate virtually in the hearings at any court nearest to their place of residence or at any other location by prearrangement with the Registrar; Provided that a party and his or her witnesses may access the platform from the same location subject to the following conditions—
 - (i) if there are two or more terminals at the location, the party and his or her witnesses must communicate from different terminals;
 - (ii) if there is only one terminal at the location, the party must not be seen in close proximity with his or her witness while the witness's testimony is being given or tested;
 - (iii) to ensure that witnesses will not be influenced or influence other witnesses, the witnesses who are yet to give testimony and who have given testimony must be absent from the location until their testimony is required;

- (iv) in any of the foregoing circumstances (paragraphs
 (i) to (iii)) the police officer present at the location must ensure that no communication (except with the express leave of the court) takes place between the party and his or her witnesses or between the witnesses themselves;
- (j) the platform affords to the parties before and during the hearing the assistance of technically qualified officers of the court to ensure that the parties hosted thereon are able to participate seamlessly and effectively;
- (k) the Registrar is ultimately responsible, subject to the directions of the court, for the smooth operation of the Virtual Court Platform, and any or all of the parties to the virtual hearing shall have access to him or her during normal office hours for the purpose of ensuring beforehand that the hearing will be conducted seamlessly, efficiently, cost effectively and expeditiously;
- (1) if a party fails to attend a virtual hearing, having agreed or been directed to participate in the hearing, and there being no technical default attributable to the platform itself, such party shall be subject to default judgement proceedings, and it shall not be competent for it to plead lack of the requisite technical resources if it had not raised that issue with the Registrar before the start for the virtual hearing;
- (m) to ensure the continuity and seamlessness of virtual court proceedings, the platform incorporates backup facilities in case of power outages and interruptions of connectivity, but is not responsible for any defaults in that respect in the technology, software or equipment furnished by the parties to enable them to access the platform (accordingly it is incumbent on each party to make the necessary backup provision against power outages and interruption of internet connectivity at their location);

(n) the platform affords a quality of connectivity, resolution and definition sufficient to permit legal practitioners, their clients, the judge and the witnesses to observe each other's expression, reactions and demeanour as much as possible as if the participants are present together in an actual court setting.

(3) The agreement of the parties to have a virtual hearing of their matter must be embodied in writing and signed jointly by them and lodged with the Registrar no later than ten days before the proposed virtual hearing.

(4) If, despite the lack of agreement of the parties, the Registrar forms the opinion, on his or her own or at the instance of the parties concerned, that it is in the interests of justice for a particular case to be held virtually, then the Registrar shall refer the matter to a judge in chambers for an appropriate determination.

(5) Upon a referral in terms of subsection (4) the judge may give a direction that, despite the lack of agreement between the parties on this issue, their case shall be held virtually subject to such directions to facilitate the hearing as the judge may give.

(6) Before making a direction the judge shall—

- (a) invite the parties to make representations to him or her in chambers;
- (b) require any party alleging any incapacity to participate in a virtual hearing an affidavit setting forth the particulars of such incapacity".

9. Rule 10 ("Heads of Argument") is amended by the deletion of "twenty hours" in sub rule 2 and the substitution of "three (3) days".

10. Rule 11("Departure from the rules") is amended by the insertion of the following subrule , the existing rule becoming subrule (1)—

"(2) In any proceedings not covered by rules in terms of the Administrative Court Rules or any other enactments, the rules relating to practice and procedure in the High Court shall, where appropriate, apply. (3) In any case not contemplated by rules made in terms of subrule (1) or referred to in subrule (2), the court shall act in such manner and on such principles as it deems best fitted to do substantial justice and to effect and carry out the projects and provisions of this Act, and may for that purpose give instructions on the course to be pursued which shall be binding on the parties to the proceedings.".

11. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 12 of the following rule—

"Service of appeals or application

13. The Appellant or Applicant shall serve their notices and file proof of service within 10 days to the Registrar of the court, failure of which the matter shall be deemed to have been abandoned and shall be dismissed in terms of the rules of the court.".

12. The principal rules are amended by the insertion after rule 13 of the following rule—

"E- court status of the court

14. Six months after the coming into operation of the electronic filing system, the Court shall become a fully paperless Court, save in exceptional circumstances authorised by a Judge of the Court".

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